



OPTIONS FOR A STRATEGIC APPROACH TO ESTABLISH THE PATTERN AND RISK OF PHARMACEUTICALS IN THE ENVIRONMENT: THE CASE STUDY OF SAUDI ARABIA

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Sources

Agriculture



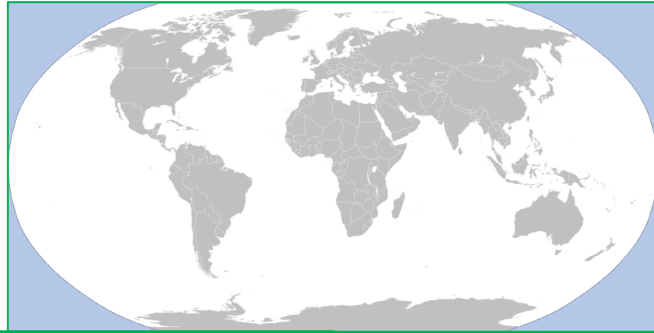
Industry



Urban

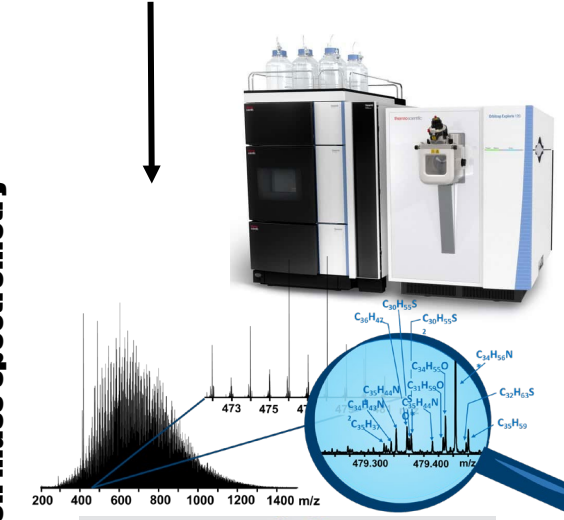


Anthropogenic pollution



Chemical Monitoring

High resolution mass spectrometry



Conocarpus erectus

Juniperus phoenicea

AIM OF THE STUDY

TO EXPLORE THE **FATE** AND **DISTRIBUTION** OF A RANGE OF **PHARMACEUTICALS** IN THE ENVIRONMENT OF **SAUDI ARABIA**

TO ESTABLISH THE UPTAKE IN **WILD** AND **RUDERAL** PLANTS UNDER REALISTIC ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

To this end, ultra-high performance liquid chromatography with high resolution mass spectrometry (orbitrap) were used together to different software, to achieve quantification as well as data interpretation and structure elucidation.



Determination by LC-HRMS

Thermo Scientific™ Vanquish™ UHPLC system:

- Vanquish Binary Pump
- Vanquish Column Compartment

Kinetex Core-Shell Biphenyl from Phenomenex (Torrance, CA, USA) (2.1 x 50 mm, 1.7 μm).

Mobile phases:

HESI+: (A) H₂O/0.1 formic acid and (B) methanol/ 0.1 % formic acid/ 5 mM ammonium formate.

HESI-: (A) H₂O 2mM ammonium fluoride and (B) methanol 2 mM in ammonium fluoride.

Flow rate of 0.4 mL/min and column temperature of 30 °C

Thermo Scientific™ Orbitrap Exploris™ 120 mass spectrometer equipped with a Thermo Scientific™ OptaMax™ NG ion source

- Ionization mode: ESI positive & negative
- Scan range (Full MS) (m/z): 80-1000
- Spray voltage positive (KV): +3.5
- Spray voltage negative (KV): -2.5
- Capillary temp (°C): 320
- S-lens RF level: 70
- Heater temp (°C): 350
- Sheath gas (units/N₂): 50
- Aux gas (units/N₂): 10
- Sweep gas (units/N₂): 1





Full scan
120000 FWHM
RF Lens 70 %

Dynamic Exclusion
temporarily put a mass into an exclusion list after its MS2 spectrum

Targeted mass list
50 compounds in ESI+
30 compounds in ESI-

ddMS²
Targeted mass list +
Mas tolerance 10 ppm
Ignore charge states
Set CE per compound
Perform dependent scan on
most intense ions if no
targetas are found

4
scans

PPCPs	35
<i>Acetaminophen</i>	<u>Ketoprofene</u>
<i>Allopurinol</i>	Lamotrigine
<i>Alprazolam</i>	Loratadine
<i>Atenolol</i>	Lorazepam
<i>Atorvastatin</i>	Metformin
<i>Caffeine</i>	Metoprolol
<i>Codeine</i>	Norfloxacin
<u>Carbamazepine</u>	Ofloxacin
<u>Chlorpromazine</u>	Ranitidine
<u>Citalopram</u>	Sinvastatin
<u>Clarythromycin</u>	Sulfadiazine
Diazepam	Sulfamethoxazole
<i>Etoricoxib</i>	Tramadol
<u>Erythromycin</u>	Trimethoprim
Fluconazole	Velanfaxine
Flumequine	Verapamide
Fluoxetine	Zolpidem
Furazolidone	



Full scan
120000 FWHM
RF Lens 70 %

Dynamic Exclusion
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ddMS²
Targeted mass list +
Mas tolerance 10 ppm
Ignore charge states
Set CE per compound
Perform dependent scan on
most intense ions if no
targetas are found

4
scans

Compound	24
<i>Atorvastatin</i>	<i>Ibuprofen</i>
<i>Bisphenol A</i>	<i>Indometacin</i>
<i>Benzafibrate</i>	Ketoprofene
<i>Butylparaben</i>	Mephenamic acid
<i>Clofibric acid</i>	Methylparaben
<i>Chloramphenicol</i>	Naproxen
<i>Diclofenac</i>	Propylparaben
<i>Ethylparaben</i>	Salicylic Acid
<i>Fenofibrate</i>	Thiamphenicol
<i>Furosemide</i>	Triclocarban
Gemfibrozil	<u>Triclosan</u>
Hydrochlorothiazide	Warfarine



Extraction procedure – POLAR CONTAMINANTS

SOIL & PLANTS



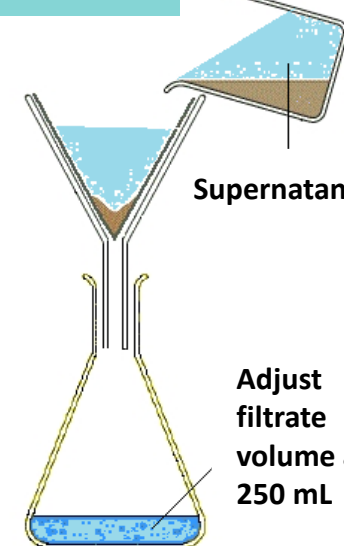
Lyophilized soil or plant (2 g)

5 mL Mc Ilvain buffer
(pH = 5.6) + 0.2 M EDTA
5 mL methanol



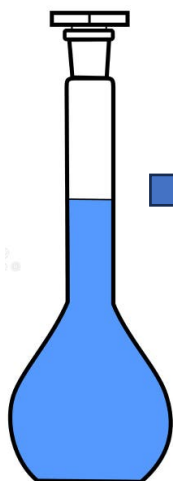
ULTRASOUNDS
5 min

FILTRATION



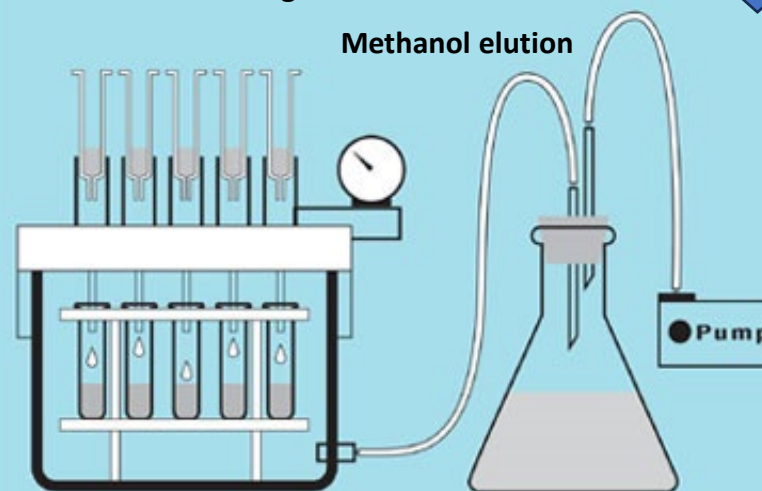
WATER

250 mL of
filtrated water

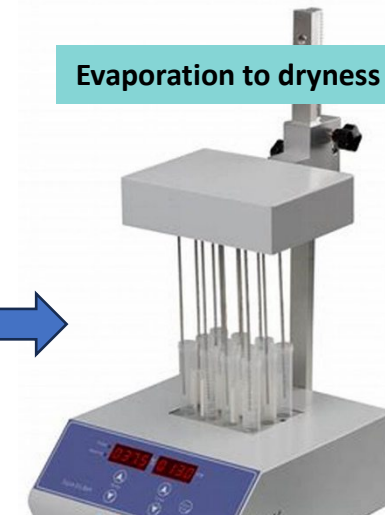


SPE Strata-X cartridges

Methanol elution



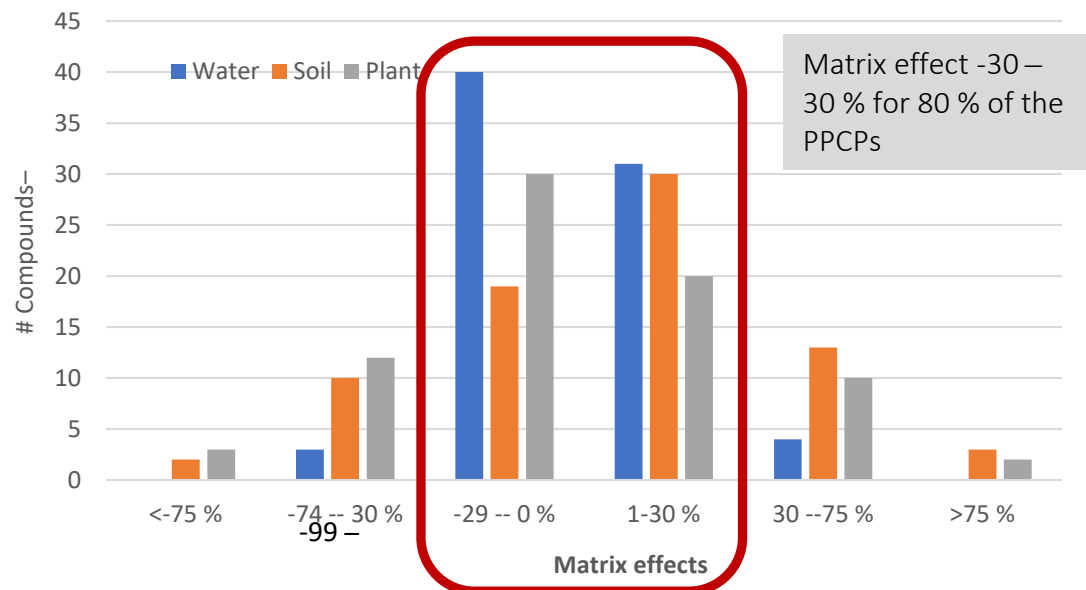
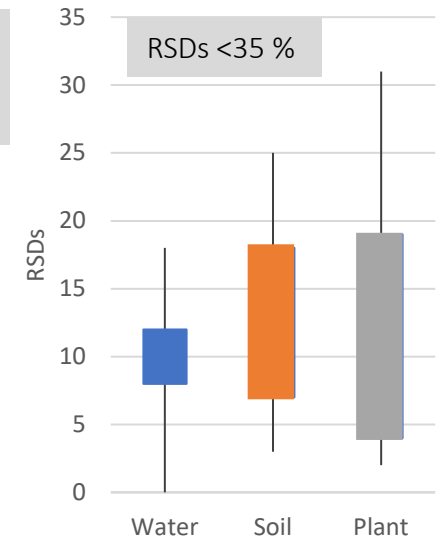
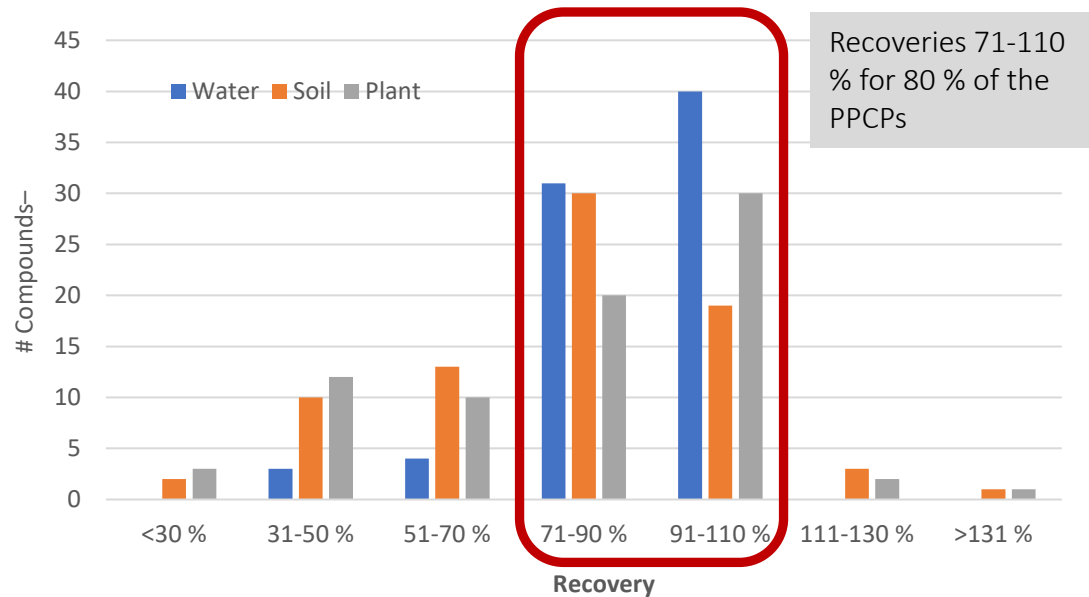
Evaporation to dryness



Redissolve in 1 mL of
mobile phase



Results and discussion



Sensitivity:
 LOQs
 0.1 -1 ng L⁻¹ water 80 % PPCPs
 0.1-1 ng g⁻¹ soil 75 % PPCPs
 0.1-1 ng g⁻¹ plants 70 % PPCPs

>1 -10 ng L⁻¹ water 20 % PPCPs
 >1-10 ng g⁻¹ soil 20 % PPCPs
 >1-10 ng g⁻¹ plants 20 % PPCPs

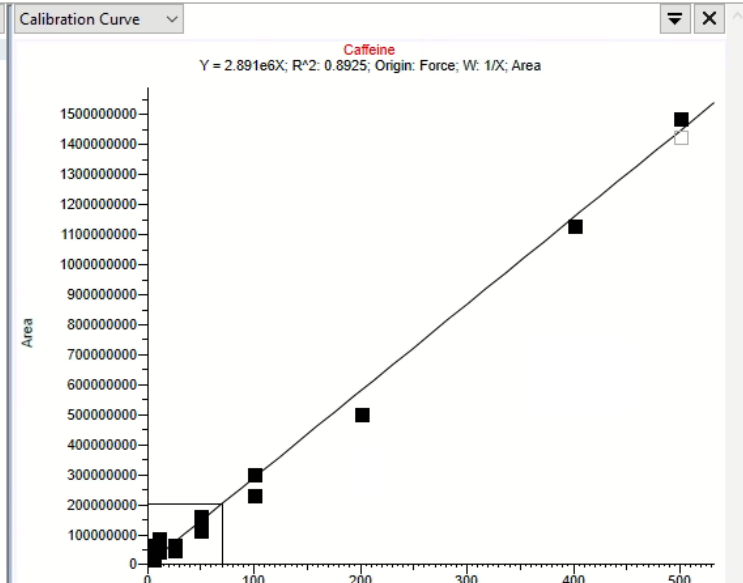
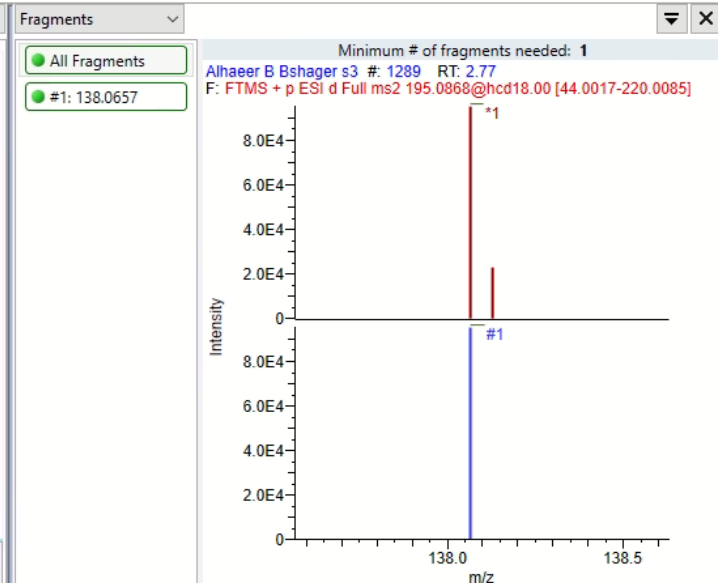
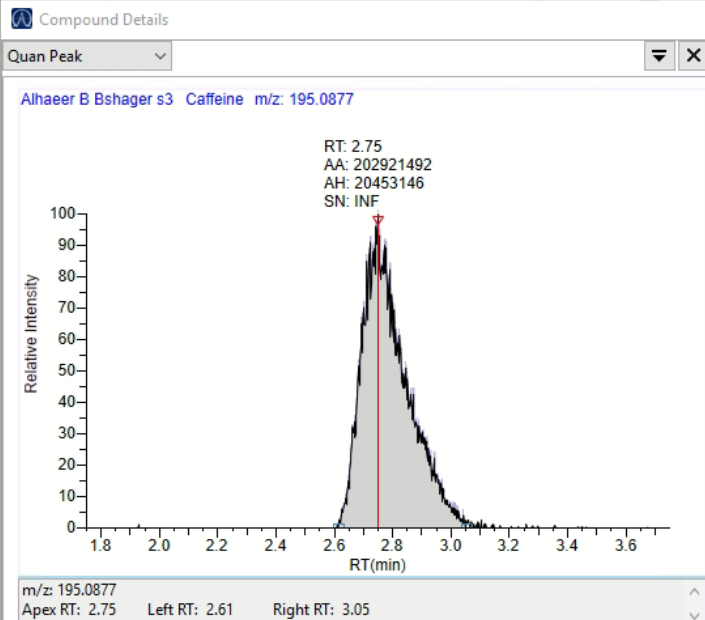
>10 ng g⁻¹ soil 10 % PPCPs
 > 10 ng g⁻¹ soil 10 % PPCPs

Analysis

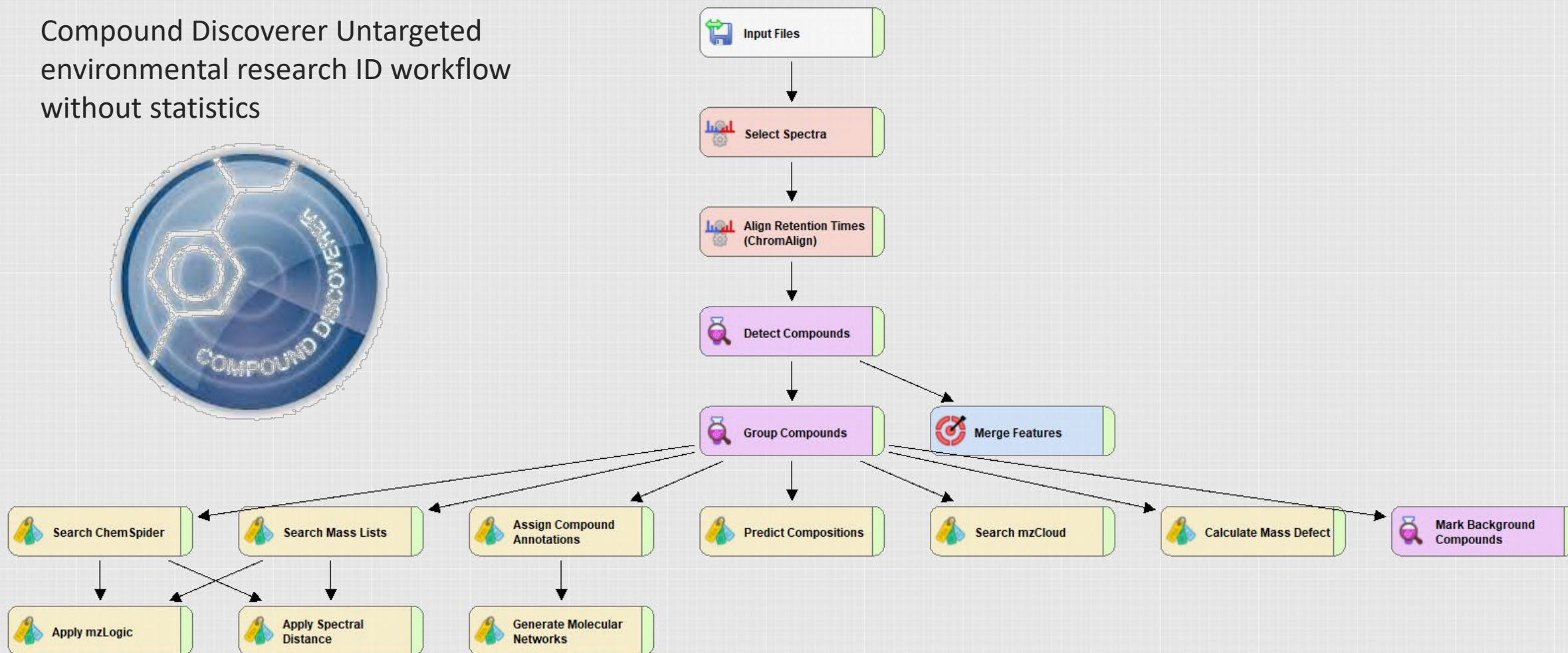
- Batch View
 - Samples
 - Reference Sample
 - Threshold Samples
 - Data Review
 - Sample View
 - Compound View
 - Comparative View
- Report View
- Local Method
 - Acquisition
 - Quantitation
 - Processing
 - Compounds
 - QAQC
 - Groups
 - Reports
- Acquisition
- Analysis
- Method Development

Data Review - Saudis_Pharma_pos [Quan] *

Compounds				Sample Results															
Flags	Compound	RT	Type	Sele	Filename	Flag Details	Status	Sample Type	Level	Area	Actual RT	Sample Amt	Type	Height	RT	RT Delta	al Amt	Std Add A	
1	Acetaminophen (Paracetamol)	1.29	Target Compound	1	5ppb pos 2	A,CV,R	●	Cal Std	L1	65516898	2.71	22.666	Sample	7795251	2.80	-0.09		N/A	
2	Acetaminophen d3	1.29	Internal Standard	2	5ppb pos	A,CV,R	●	Cal Std	L1	19410396	3.08	6.715	Sample	4154192	2.80	0.28		N/A	
3	Alprazolam	6.00	Target Compound	3	10ppb pos 2	A,CV,R	●	Cal Std	L2	87685500	2.67	30.335	Sample	10582671	2.80	-0.13		N/A	
4	Amoxicillin	1.65	Target Compound	4	10ppb pos	A,CV,R	●	Cal Std	L2	46244651	3.02	15.999	Sample	6945976	2.80	0.22		N/A	
5	Atenolol	1.13	Target Compound	5	25ppb pos 2	A,CV,R	●	Cal Std	L3	50399525	2.74	17.436	Sample	11531239	2.80	-0.06		N/A	
6	Atenolol d7	1.15	Internal Standard	6	25ppb pos	CV,R	●	Cal Std	L3	68457054	2.86	23.683	Sample	9606946	2.80	0.06		N/A	
7	Atorvastatin	5.87	Target Compound	7	50ppb pos 2	CV,R	●	Cal Std	L4	164591700	2.73	56.942	Sample	29239387	2.80	-0.07		N/A	
8	Caffeine	2.80	Target Compound	8	50ppb pos	CV,R	●	Cal Std	L4	116099242	2.81	40.165	Sample	15726625	2.80	0.01		N/A	
9	Carbamazepine	4.42	Target Compound	9	100ppg pos 2	R	●	Cal Std	L5	304277523	2.67	105.267	Sample	61630404	2.80	-0.13		N/A	
10	Carbamazepine d2	4.46	Internal Standard	10	100ppg pos	R	●	Cal Std	L5	233514104	2.80	80.786	Sample	34675476	2.80	0.00		N/A	
11	Codeine	1.36	Target Compound	11	200ppb pos 2	R	●	Cal Std	L6	316613270	2.69	109.535	Sample	76290140	2.80	-0.11		N/A	
12	Enalapril	3.32	Target Compound	12	200ppb pos	R	●	Cal Std	L6	502341749	2.71	173.789	Sample	84211520	2.80	-0.09		N/A	
13	Etoricoxib	5.05	Target Compound	13	400ppb pos 2	R,FL,CPF	●	Cal Std	L7	1130799663	2.69	391.209	Sample	183636548	2.80	-0.11		N/A	
14	Lorazepam	4.74	Target Compound	14	400ppb pos	R,FL,CPF	●	Cal Std	L7	600666778	2.82	207.805	Sample	140437977	2.80	0.02		N/A	
15	Metformin	1.59	Target Compound	15	500ppb pos 2	R	●	Cal Std	L8	1429193691	2.68	494.441	Sample	192465125	2.80	-0.12		N/A	
16	Norfloxacin	7.53	Target Compound	16	500ppb pos	R	●	Cal Std	L8	1488641498	2.80	515.007	Sample	161649824	2.80	0.00		N/A	
17	Ofloxacin	6.27	Target Compound	17	500ppb pos	R	●	Cal Std	L8	1488641498	2.80	515.007	Sample	161649824	2.80	0.00		N/A	
18	Omeprazole	4.11	Target Compound	17	alhaeer A bottom b s1	FL,CPF	●	Unknown		1231788	2.77	0.426	Sample	4235358	2.80	-0.03		N/A	

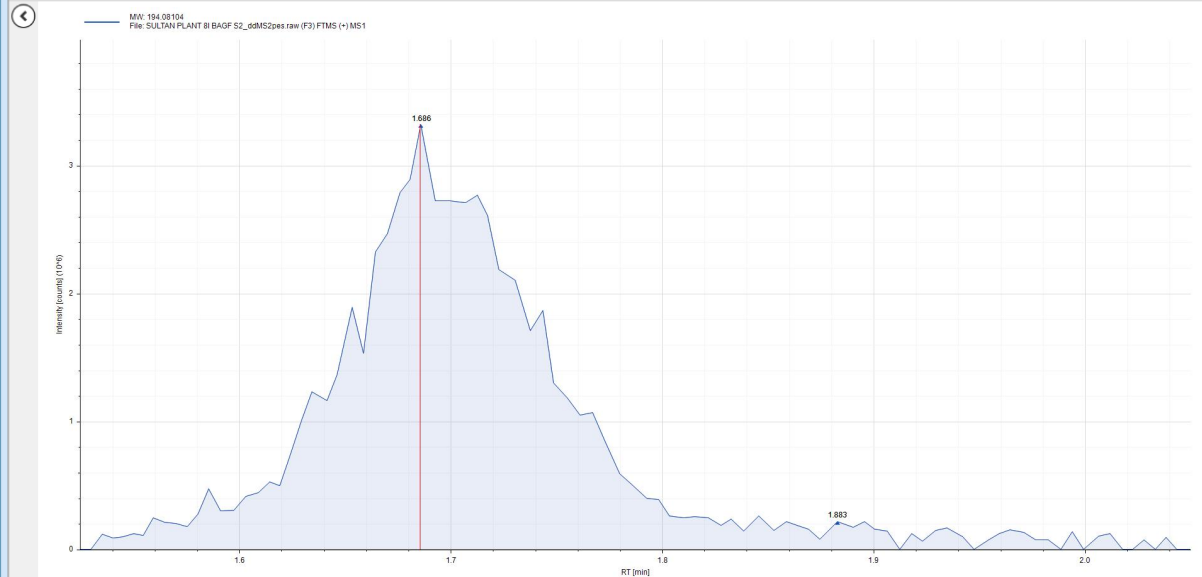


Compound Discoverer Untargeted environmental research ID workflow without statistics

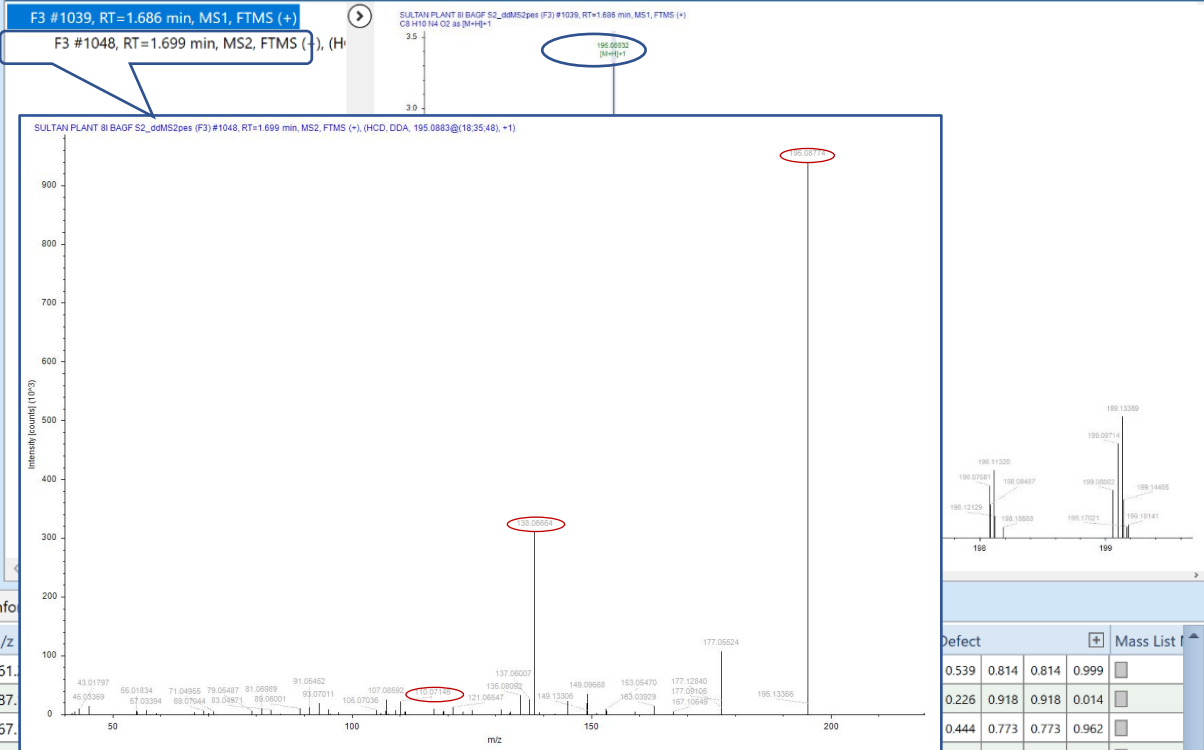




Chromatograms



Mass Spectrum



Compounds Comounds per File Merged Features Features per File mzCloud Results ChemSpider Results Mass List Search Results Input Files Study Info

Tags	Checked	Name	Formula	Annot. Source	Annot. ΔMass [ppm]	Calc. MW	m/z	Defect	Mass List
1459	<input type="checkbox"/>	Citroflex 4	C18 H32 O7	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.80	360.21617	361.	0.539	0.814
1460	<input type="checkbox"/>	Queen Bee Acid	C10 H18 O3	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.46	186.12624	187.	0.226	0.918
1461	<input type="checkbox"/>	PSB-SB1202	C23 H26 O4	<input type="checkbox"/>	-2.05	366.18236	367.	0.444	0.773
1462	<input type="checkbox"/>	2-Naphthylmethanol	C11 H10 O	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.98	158.07379	159.08107	0.0503	0.46
1463	<input type="checkbox"/>	Butylparaben	C11 H14 O3	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.42	194.09496	195.10223	0.166	0.114
1464	<input type="checkbox"/>	MOCPAC	C27 H31 N3 O6	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.17	493.22334	494.23062	0.322	0.188
1465	<input type="checkbox"/>	Carvone	C10 H14 O	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.34	150.10497	151.11224	0.613	0.573
1466	<input type="checkbox"/>	p-cymene	C10 H12	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.00	132.09456	133.10184	0.782	0.746
1467	<input type="checkbox"/>		C12 H15 F S	<input type="checkbox"/>	-1.25	210.08759	211.09486	1	0.943
1468	<input type="checkbox"/>	[2-(hydroxymethyl)-5,5,8a-trimethyl-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-oxo...]	C15 H26 O2	<input type="checkbox"/>	92299.59	260.17842	261.18570	0.593	0.522
1469	<input type="checkbox"/>	NP-011223	C10 H18 O3	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.21	186.12619	187.13347	0.277	0.226
1470	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Caffeine	C8 H10 N4 O2	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.43	194.08104	195.08832	0.153	0.1
1471	<input type="checkbox"/>		C17 H35 F O3	<input type="checkbox"/>	-0.18	306.25697	307.26428	0.214	0.131

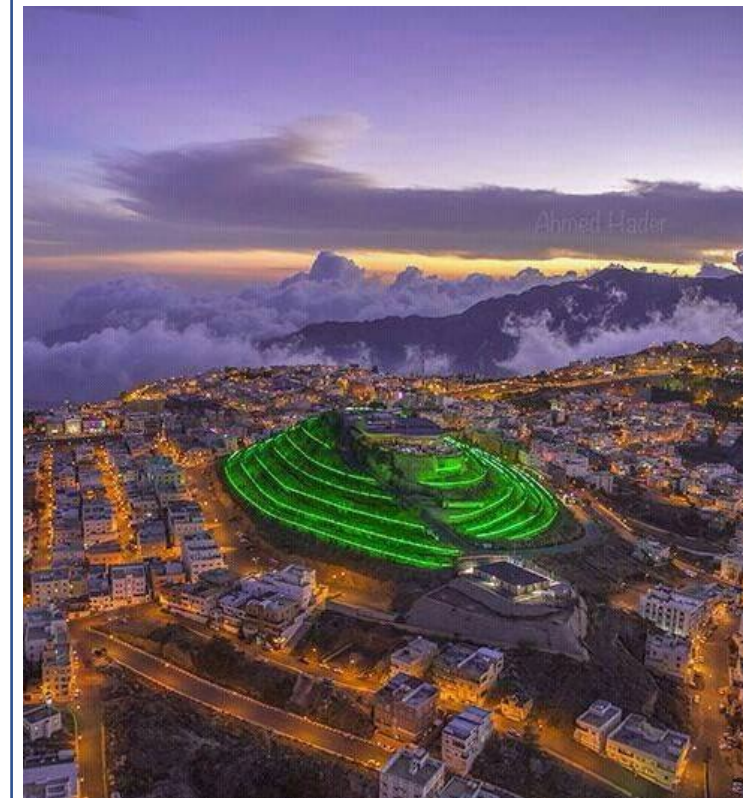
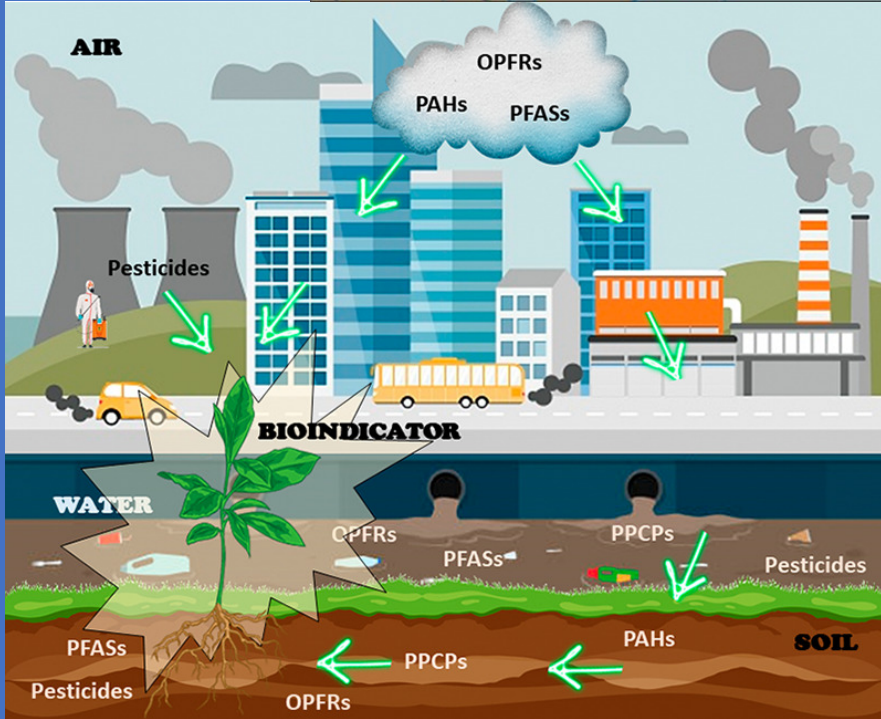


Riyadh city (24°39'N 46°43'E)

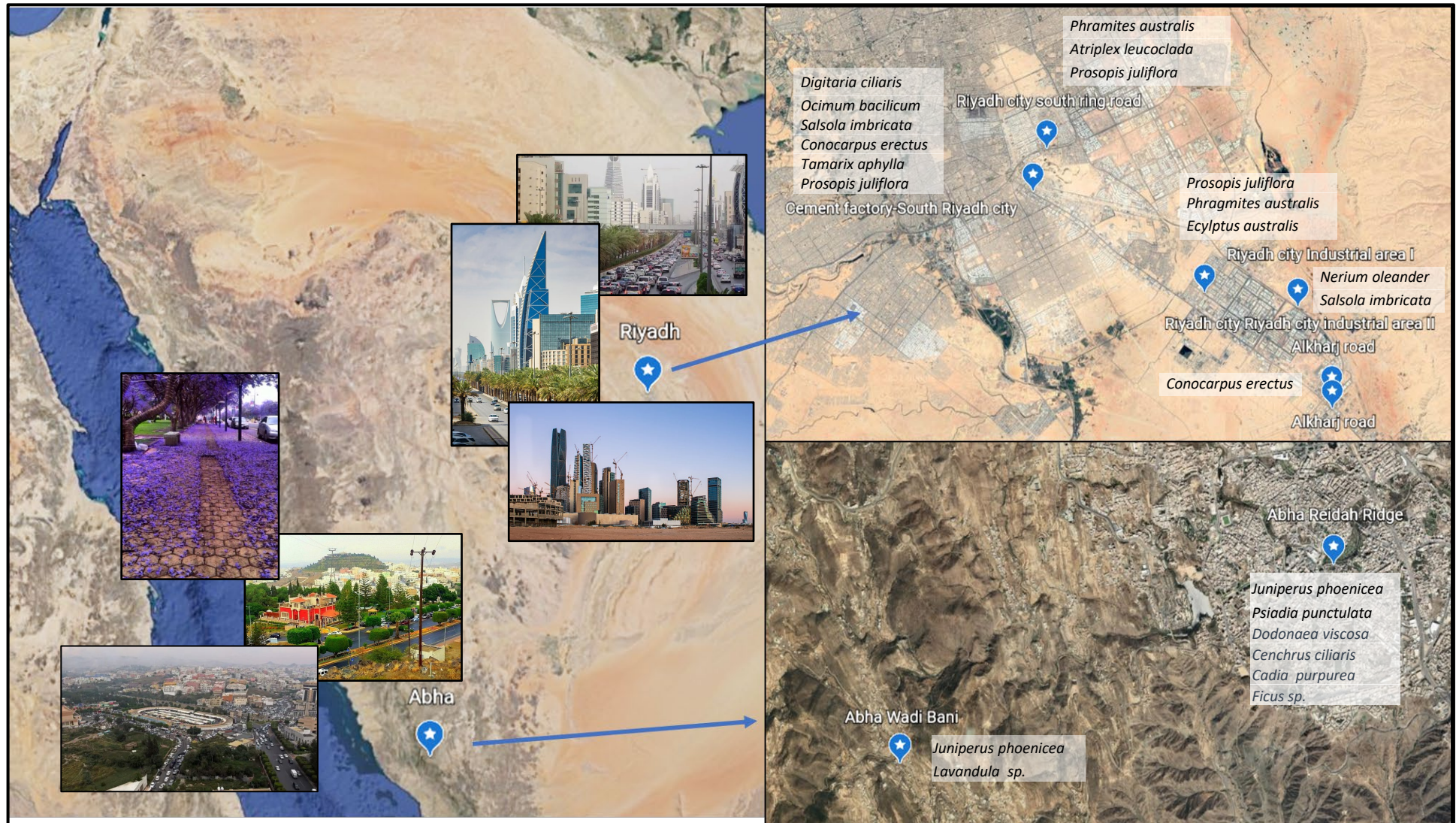
- Population of ca. **7.4 million people** (2021)
- **Most populated city** in Saudi Arabia
- **Country's center**
- About **600 m above the Sea level**
- Surround by a **large industrial city**
- Deserted climate
- Arid and dry conditions (humidity from 0 to 10.3 %)

Abha (18°13'1"N 42°30'19"E)

- Population of **1.1 million people** (2021)
- **6th largest population** in Saudi Arabia
- **Country's South-West**
- Hilly area at **2270 m above the Sea level**
- Surround by the **Asir National Park**
- Continental semi-arid climate
- cooler and wetter climate



Experimental Sampling



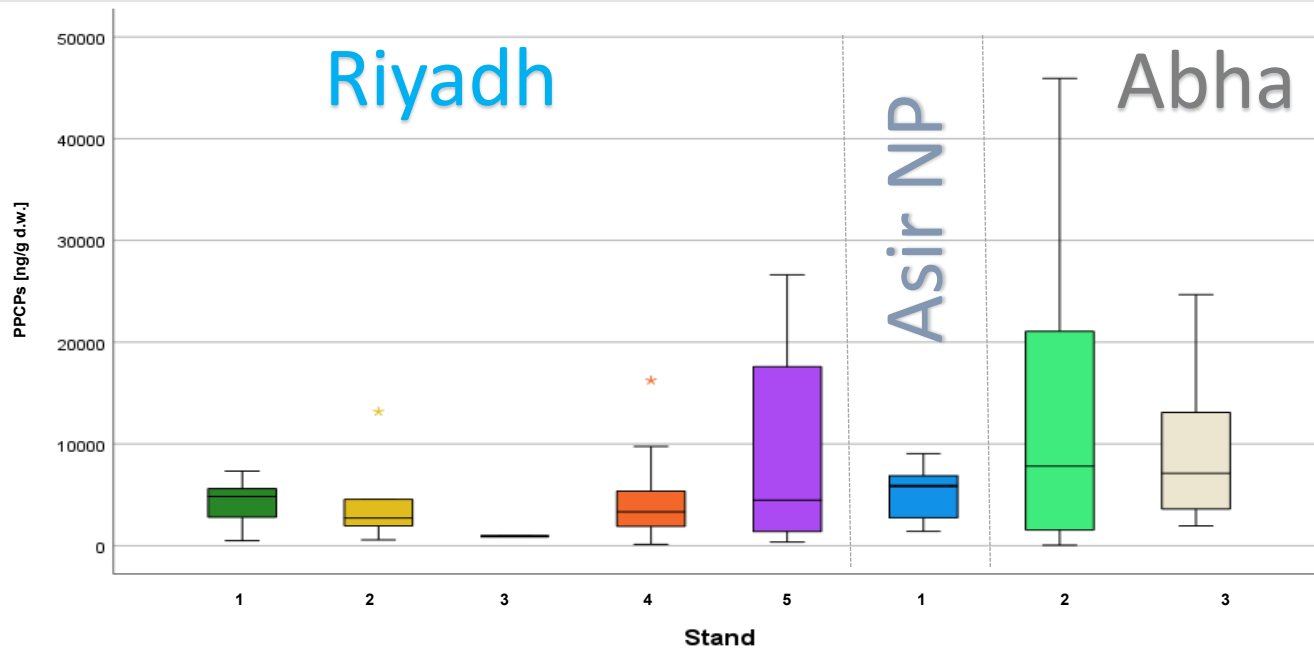
The most notable similarity, in terms of plant species, is that *Conocarpus erectus* is present in all five stands in Riyadh, while *Dodonaea viscosa* is found in the Abha stands and in the Asir National Park stand



PPCPs	Riyadh (n=37)				Abha city (n=28)				Ashir Natural Park (n=5)			
	Concentration (ng/g d.w.)			Frequency (# Occurrences)	Concentration (ng/g d.w.)			Frequency (# Occurrences)	Concentration (ng/g d.w.)			Frequency (# Occurrences)
	Min	Max	Average		Min	Max	Average		Min	Max	Average	
Salicylic acid	<LOD	6605	670	35	<LOD	9954	2030.3	22	302.1	2204.8	1147.9	7
Thiamphenicol	<LOD	109	4	6	<LOD	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
Furosemide	<LOD	655	3	11	<LOD	168.7	21.8	6	<LOD	90.1	26.6	3
Chloramphenicol	<LOD	20	0.5	1	<LOD	0	0	0	—	—	—	—
Methylparaben	1.3	1271	109	37	<LOD	953.8	110.8	19	14.4	147.4	73.9	7
Ethylparaben	<LOD	21	4	15	<LOD	8.1	1.1	6	<LOD	3	0.4	1
Naproxen	<LOD	3	0.1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Benzafibrate	<LOD	6	0.2	1	<LOD	42.9	6.5	7	—	—	—	—
Propylparaben	<LOD	5	0.5	6	<LOD	6.5	1.2	8	<LOD	7.1	2.7	4
Warfarin	<LOD	3	0.1	1	<LOD	13.6	0.6	2	—	—	—	—
BPA	<LOD	1609	95	6	<LOD	201	9.3	7	<LOD	5.2	0.7	1
Diclofenac	<LOD	687	92	17	<LOD	287.7	20.9	6	<LOD	129.7	20.6	3
Indomethacin	—	—	—	—	<LOD	3.3	0.1	1	—	—	—	—
Ibuprofen	<LOD	1214	60	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Metformin	<LOD	30	4	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Atenolol	<LOD	1010	142	9	<LOD	2069.1	235.9	8	—	—	—	—
Codeine	<LOD	27	0.6	1	<LOD	13	0.5	1	—	—	—	—
Ofloxacin	<LOD	387	11	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paracetamol	<LOD	14	3	12	<LOD	25.6	1.8	3	—	—	—	—
Tramadol	<LOD	234	18	5	<LOD	2.9	0.1	1	—	—	—	—
Caffeine	<LOD	42	8	32	<LOD	4128.2	192.4	11	—	—	—	—
Etoricoxib	<LOD	8	0.2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enalapril	<LOD	204	6	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lorazepam	<LOD	195	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Simvastatin	<LOD	544	15	1	<LOD	279.2	10	1	—	—	—	—
ΣPPCPs	22	2363	572	37	<LOD	5496	591.2	25	19.6	189.6	98.4	7

Concentration and frequency of each PPCP

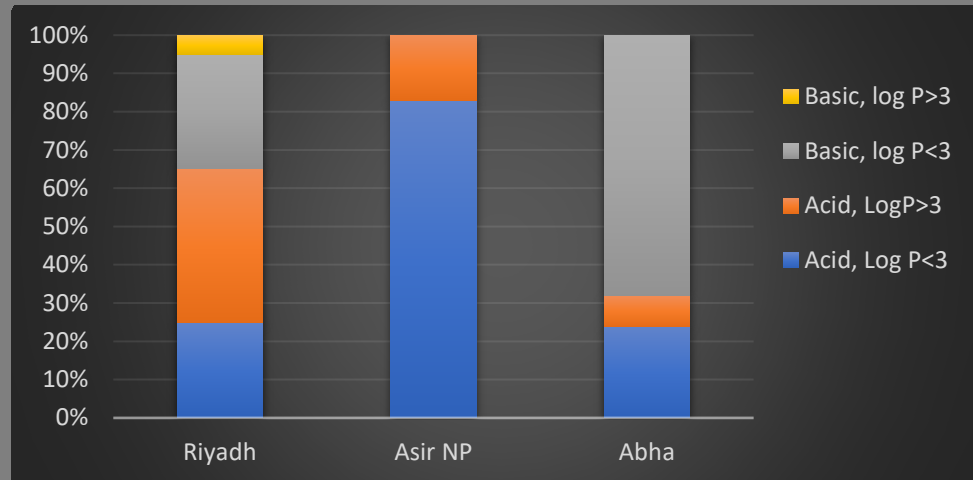
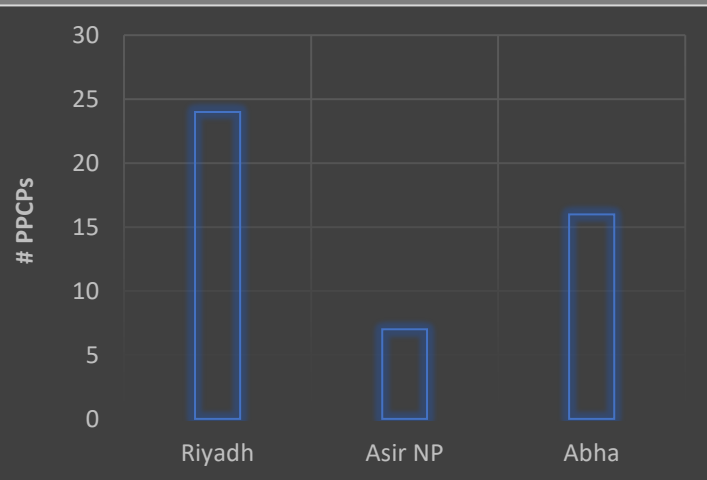


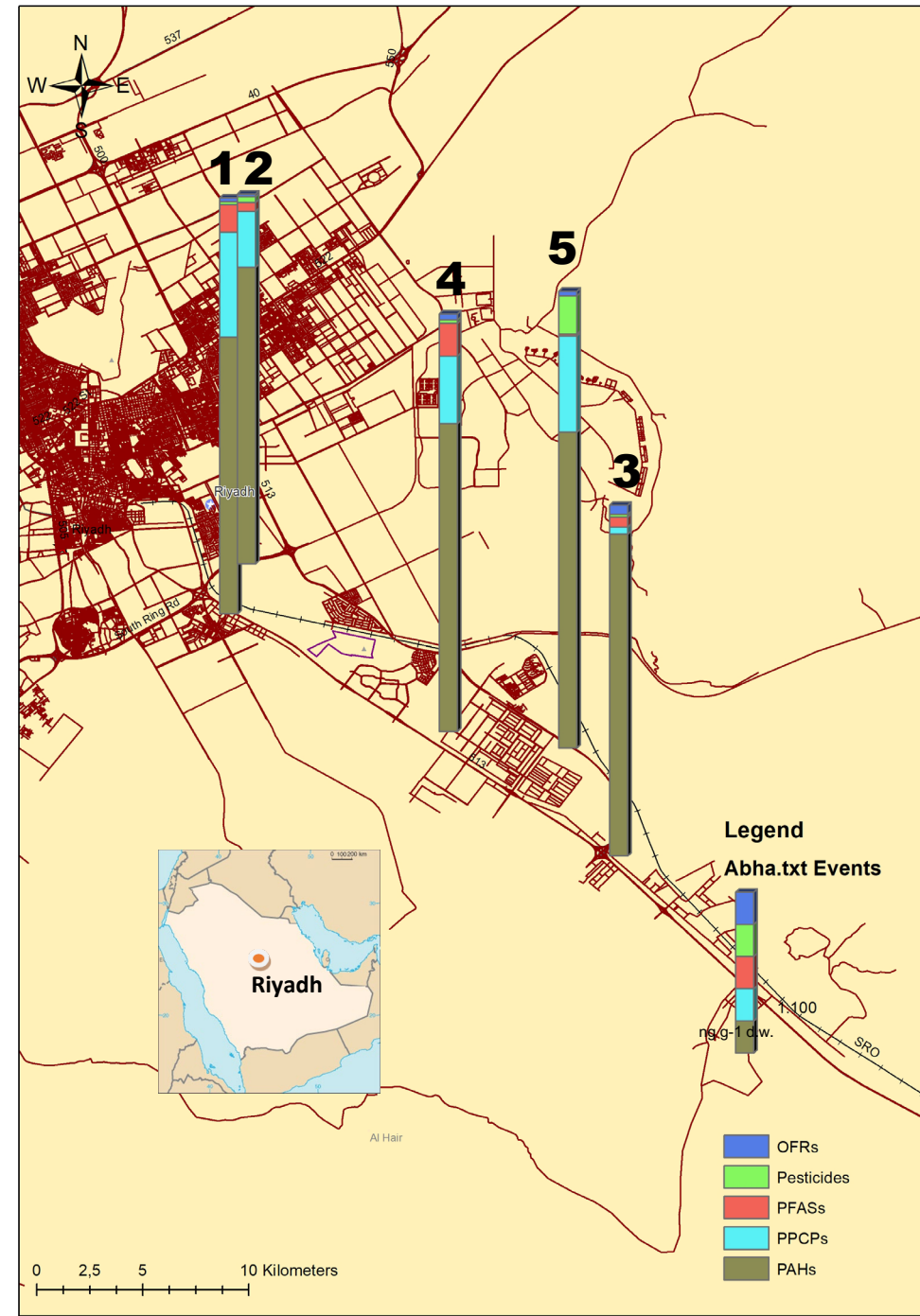
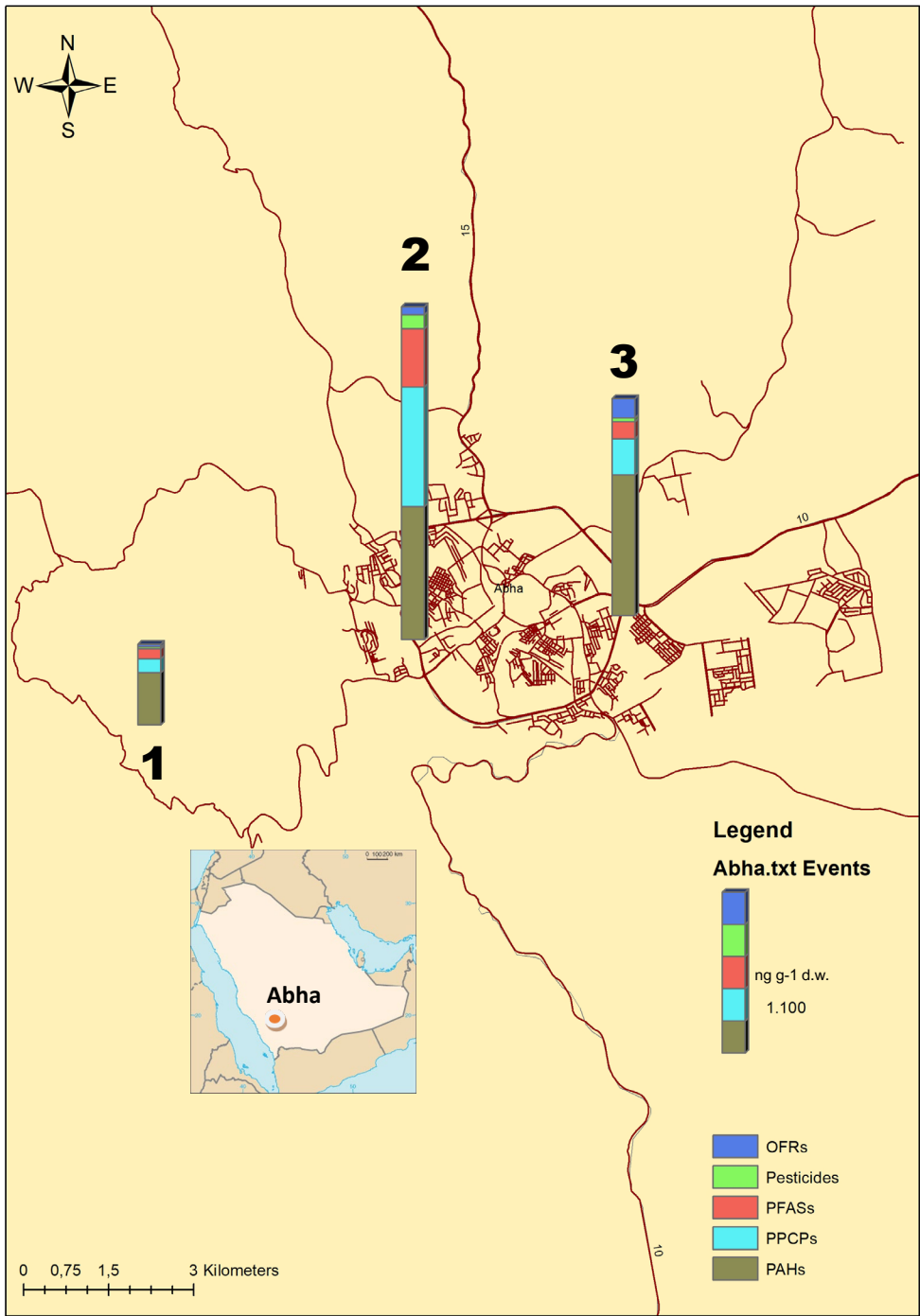


Statisticals:

- ❖ **Concentrations** were compared to **location** and to sampling stand.
- ❖ **Kolmogorov-Smirnov** ($n > 50$) or **Shapiro-Wilk** ($n < 50$) tests were used for **normality** and **Levene's** test for **homogeneity of variances**.
- ❖ **Differences in concentrations** were established through **Mann-Whitney U** (M-W) or **Kruskal-Wallis** (K-W) tests, considering places, sampling stands (1 to 8)

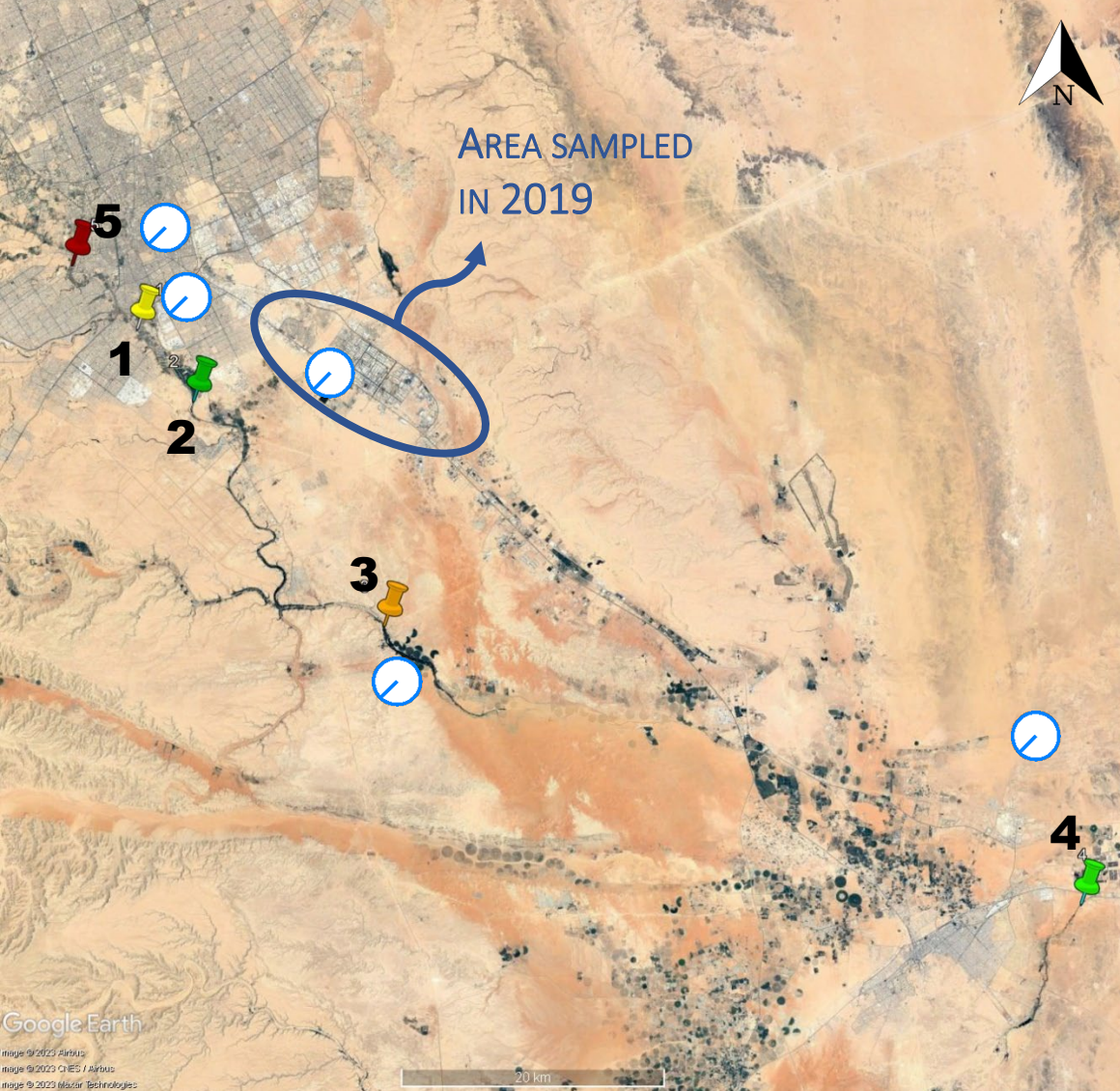
NO STATISTICAL SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES





- ❖ PPCPs was found to be the second-highest group of contaminants in wild and ruderal plants.
- ❖ The Σ PPCPs concentration in the wild plants ranged from <LODs to 5496.0 ng g⁻¹ d.w. with an average of 63 ng g⁻¹ d.w.
- ❖ The highest values are due to [salicylic acid](#) that reached averages >2000 ng g⁻¹ d.w. This can be a natural product from plants produced specifically due to hydric stress.
- ❖ In addition to this, 23 PPCPs were detected in Riyadh, 17 in Abha and 7 in the stand at the Asir National Park.
- ❖ Abha had the highest average concentration of Σ PPCPs (excluding salicylic acid) (25 ng g⁻¹ d.w.), followed by Riyadh (18 ng g⁻¹ d.w.), while Asir National Park had the lowest concentration (4 ng g⁻¹ d.w.).
- ❖ These differences between Σ PPCPs concentration were not statistically significant.
- ❖ Comparison of *C. erectus* in Riyadh stands shows the presence in stand 4 of high concentrations of diclofenac and ibuprofen not present in the other stands. This could be related to the irrigation with treated wastewater.
- ❖ The absorption of PPCPs by plants is ruled by their acid/basic character and most of the detected PPCPs in this study have also log P < 3. It is noteworthy that in Abha only acid PPCPs were detected mostly of log P < 3 but also of log P > 3.





- Wastewater effluent (KFSHRC WWTP)
 - Water before the point of effluent release
 - Water after the point of effluent release
 - Soil
 - Plant
- 5



- Wastewater effluent (Manfouha WWTP)
 - Water before the point of effluent release
 - Water after the point of effluent release
 - Soil
 - Plant
- 1



- Wastewater effluent (STP WWTP) sería punto 3 y no 2
 - Water before the point of effluent release
 - Water after the point of effluent release
 - Soil
 - Plant
- 2



- Water
 - Soil
 - Plant
- 3



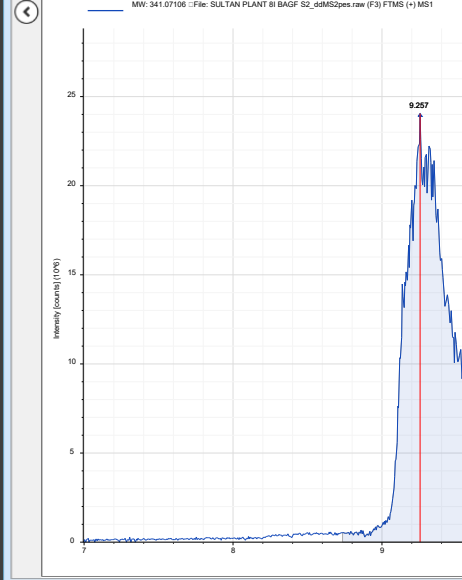
- Wastewater effluent
 - Water before the point of effluent release
 - Water after the point of effluent release
 - Soil
- 4



STUDY AREA SAMPLED IN 2022

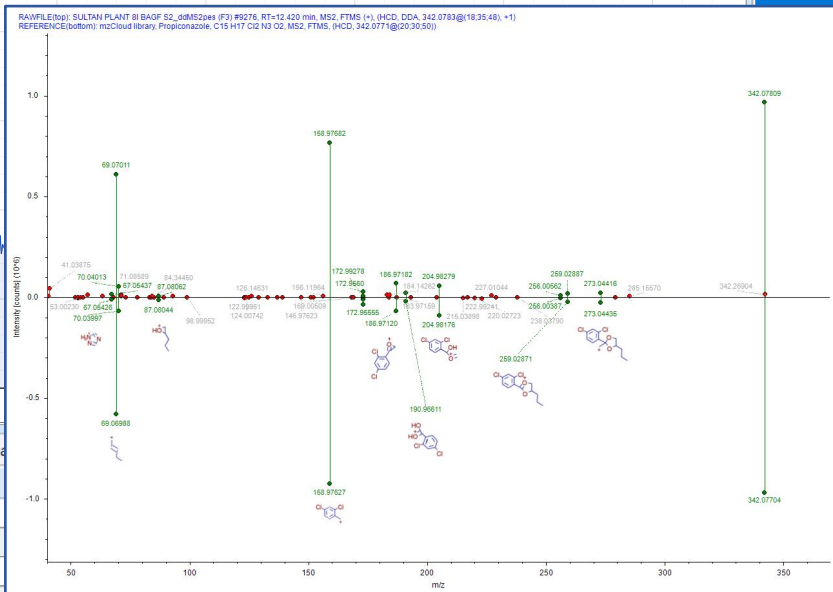
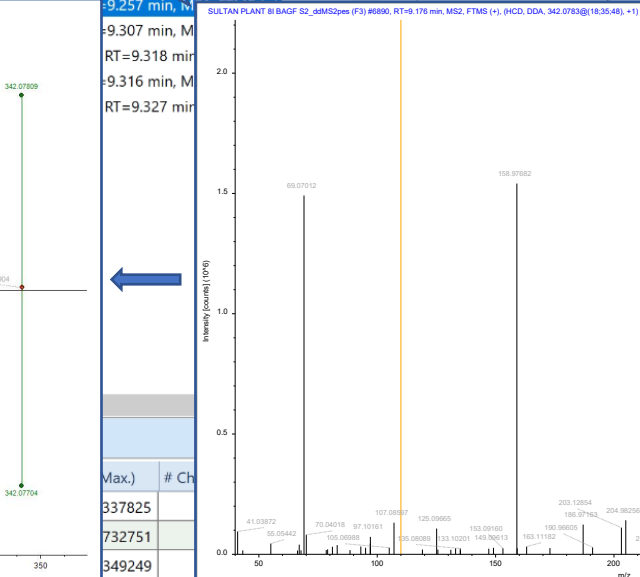


Chromatograms



Mass Spectrum

F3 #6884, RT=9.166 min, MS1, FTMS (+)
 F3 #6890, RT=9.176 min, MS2, FTMS (+), (HCD,
 F3 #6949, RT=9.244 min, MS1, FTMS (+)
 F3 #6955, RT=9.255 min, MS2, FTMS (+), (HCD,
 F3 #6954, RT=9.252 min, MS1, FTMS (+)
 F3 #6960, RT=9.259 min, MS2, FTMS (+), (HCD,



Compounds

Tags	Checked	Name
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	Trinexapac-ethyl
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ethyl Paraben
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	3-Indoleacetic Acid
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	Atrazine-D5
●●●●○	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Propiconazole
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	Piperonyl-butoxide
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	Dopamine
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZT
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	Methandienone
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	Dibutyl Phthalate
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	Fenoxycarb
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	11-nor-9-Carboxy-Delta-9-THC
○○○○○	<input type="checkbox"/>	(6E)-10-Heptyl-5,8,9-trihydroxy-3,4,5,8,9,10-hexahydro-

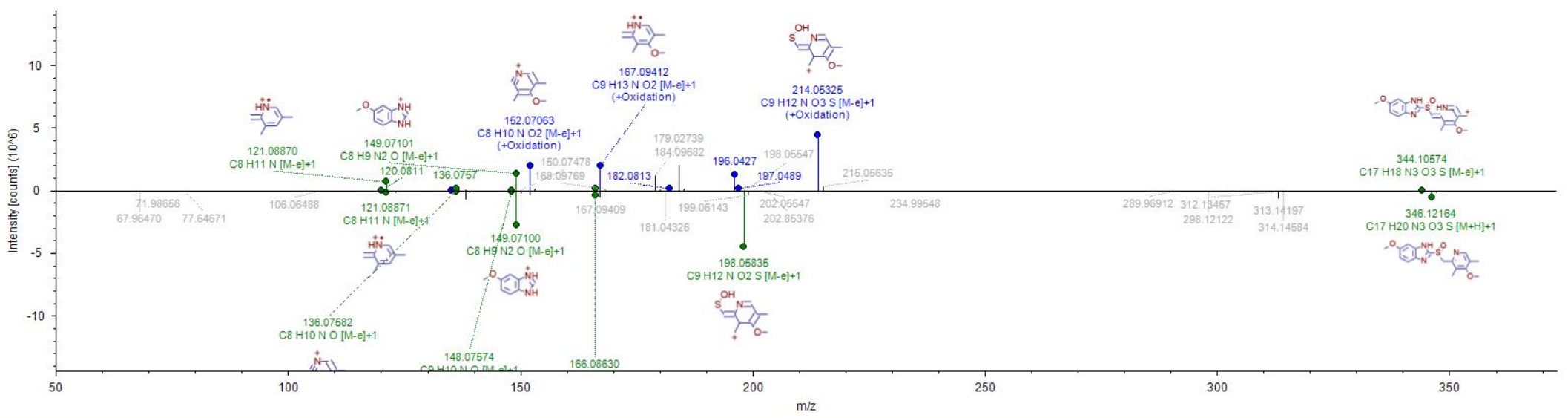
Formula	Score	RT (min)	Mass (Da)	Ch	Match	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score				
C8 H9 Cl D5 N5	3.45	220.12592	221.13319	9.525	6322248	78	0			0.939	0.879	0.88	0.88	0.993
C15 H17 Cl2 N3 O2	3.75	341.07106	342.07834	9.257	853296278	14	2	99.2	97.5	0.682	0.589	0.69	0.69	0.866
C19 H30 O5	3.11	338.21037	339.21765	8.109	17331357	47	0			0.85	0.758	0.833	0.833	0.007
C8 H11 N O2	3.61	153.07953	154.08681	4.906	8263078	394	0			0.558	0.517	0.909	0.909	0.987
C10 H13 N5 O4	3.56	267.09770	268.10498	1.197	20191872	2	0			0.444	0.371	0.799	0.799	0.937
C20 H28 O2	3.29	300.20992	301.21719	6.261	11697560	123	0			0.227	0.145	0.875	0.875	0.029
C16 H22 O4	3.52	278.15279	279.16006	12.574	20154160	242	0			0.389	0.313	0.842	0.842	0.985
C17 H19 N O4	3.20	301.13237	302.13965	7.590	10473409	165	0			0.14	0.058	0.796	0.796	0.951
C21 H28 O4	-3.67	344.19750	345.20477	8.694	17504464	59	0			0.777	0.684	0.813	0.813	0.99
C16 H28 O5	73237.76	322.17919	323.18646	5.700	45118837	1	3	66.1	47.3	0.978	0.89	0.819	0.819	0.985



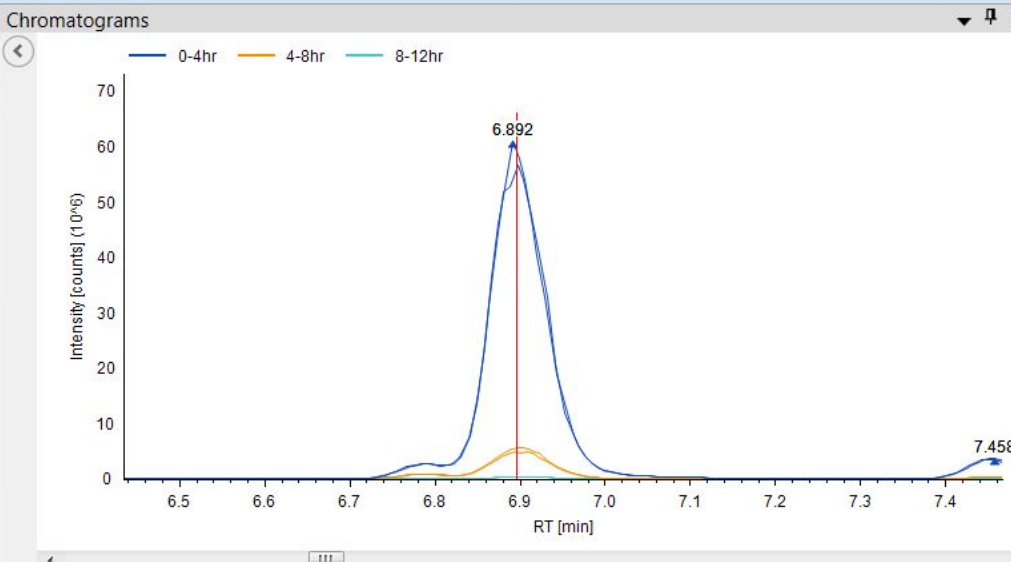
Mass Spectrum

- #1537, RT=6.823 min, FTMS (+)
- #1541, RT=6.835 min, FTMS (+), M
- #1543, RT=6.837 min, ITMS (+)
- #1544, RT=6.837 min, ITMS (+)
- #1575, RT=6.892 min, FTMS (+)
- #1595, RT=6.930 min, FTMS (+)
- #1605, RT=6.947 min, FTMS (+), M
- #1607, RT=6.948 min, ITMS (+)
- #1608, RT=6.949 min, ITMS (+)

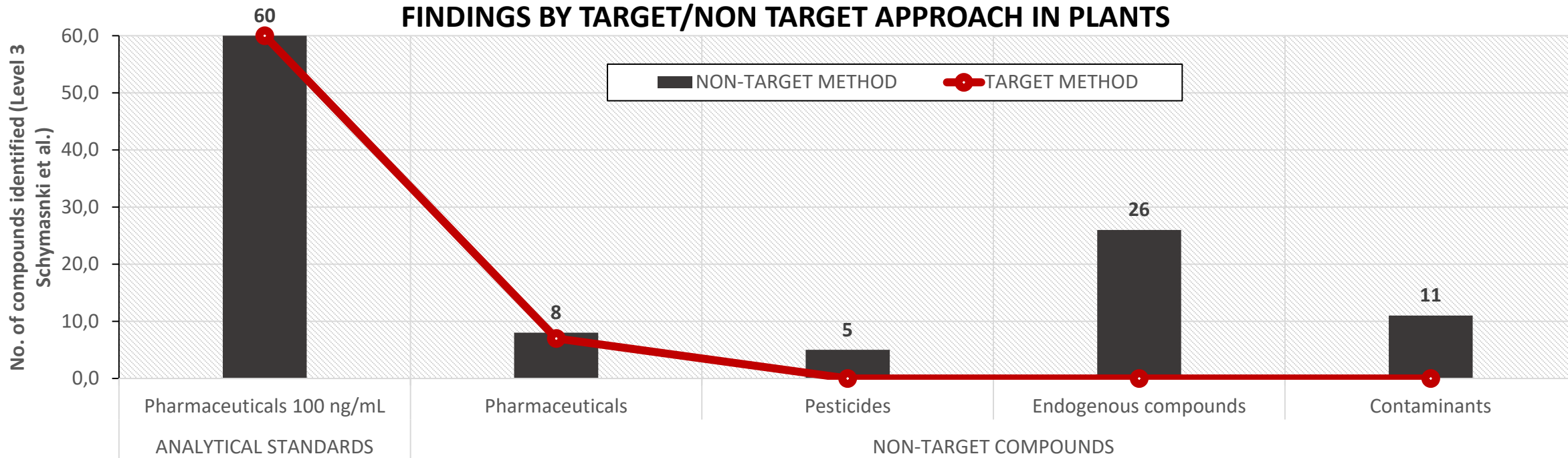
Urine_0-4hr_02, #1605, RT=6.947 min, FTMS (+), MS2 (HCD, DDF, 362.12@30.00, z=+1)
 Omeprazole + (Oxidation) C17 H19 N3 O4 S, MW: 361.10963, Area: 4459339
 FISH Coverage: 7 Direct, 7 Shifted, 16 Unmatched, 11 Skipped



Merged Features		Expected Features		Custom Explanations		Specialized Traces	
Expected Compounds		Expected Compounds per File				Expected Formulas	
Checked	Parent Compound	Formula	Molecular Weight	Dealkylated	Transformations		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Omeprazole	C17 H19 N3 O3 S	345.11471				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Omeprazole	C17 H19 N3 O4 S	361.10963		Oxidation		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Omeprazole	C16 H17 N3 O2 S	315.10415	X	Dehydration, Reduction		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Omeprazole	C17 H17 N3 O4 S	359.09398		Desaturation, Oxidation		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Omeprazole	C16 H17 N3 O3 S	331.09906	X			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Omeprazole	C17 H19 N3 O5 S	377.10454		Oxidation, Oxidation		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Omeprazole	C16 H17 N3 O2 S	315.10415	X	Dehydration, Reduction		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Omeprazole	C18 H18 N4 O3 S	370.10996	X	Dehydration, Glycine Conjugation		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Omeprazole	C17 H19 N3 O4 S	361.10963		Oxidation		



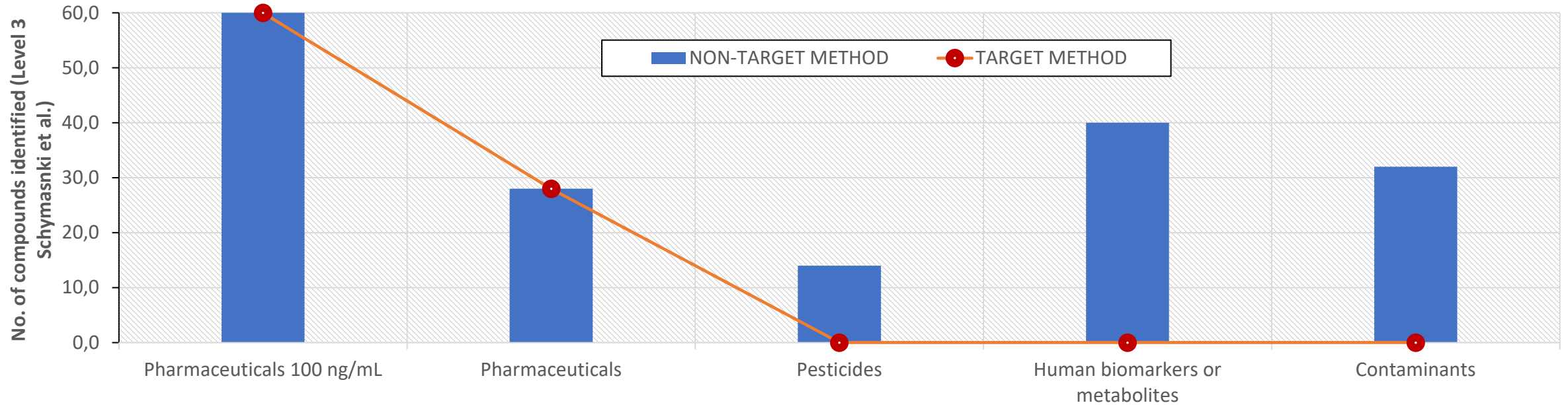
FINDINGS BY TARGET/NON TARGET APPROACH IN PLANTS



Some examples of non-target compounds identified using non-target ddMS2 of the 4 more intense ions per cycle

Pesticides	Pharmaceuticals	Endogenous compounds	Contaminants
Propyconazole	Benzenesulfonamide	Aa (Tryptophan, Phenylalanine)	Stearamide
DEET		Oleamide	PEG (5,6,7,..10, etc.)
Cyhalofop acid		Galaxolido	Phthalates (Bis(2-ethylhexl); dimethyl)
Imazamox		Mothoxyquiruline	Citroflex 4
Buprofezim		Cafetol	Steroyl glycerol
		Trybuthyl citrate	Tris-(2-butoxyethyl)phosphete
		Sedenoline	Ethyl miristate

FINDINGS BY TARGET/NON TARGET APPROACH IN EFFLUENTS



Some examples of non-target compounds identified using non-target ddMS2 of the 4 more intense ions per cycle

Pesticides	Pharmaceuticals	Endogenous compounds	Contaminants
Fungicides (propiconazole, dibenzoconazole, tebicmazpñe)	Benzenesulfonamide	Aa (Tryptophan, Phenylalanine)	Stearamide
DEET		Oleamide	PEG (5,6,7,..10, etc.)
Neonicotinoids (imidacloprid, acetamiprid)		Galaxolido	Phthalates (Bis(2-ethylhexl); dimethyl)
Triazines (atrazine, terbuthylazine and their met.)		Mothoxyquiruline	Citroflex 4
Organophosphorus (chlorpyrifos, chlorfenvinfos)		Cafetol	Steroyl glycerol
Carbamates (carbofuran, carbofuran 3-hydroxy)		Trybutyl citrate	Tris-(2-butoxyethyl)phosphete
Other (hexitiazox, pyriproxyfen)		Sedenoline	Ethyl miristate

Conclusions

- High-resolution mass spectrometry (orbitrap) provides different non-target workflows with a high capacity for compound identification.
- Combination of targeted analysis using ddMS² when using as dependent data the inclusion of the compound in a database and of non-target analysis to also perform **dependent scan on most intense ions if no target as are found** allows to broaden the number of determinable compounds and to expand the quantification capabilities.
- The selection of intensity as a dependent parameter for ddMS² provides high-quality information about the major compounds in the sample. However, it fails to determine those that co-elute with compounds of higher intensity.
- The combination of both target and non-target analysis in the same injection provides an interesting profile of the compounds presents in the samples enlarging the identification of chemicals..



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Wild and ruderal plants as bioindicators of global urban pollution by air, water and soil in Riyadh and Abha, Saudi Arabia

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HIGHLIGHTS

GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT

*Many thanks for
your attention!!!*

